

Name: _____

Date: _____

UNIT 9

LESSON 4

Do Now:

a. If one root of the equation $x^2 + kx - 15 = 0$ is -3, what is the other root?

b. Using your calculator, find the axis of symmetry and the turning point of $f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 21$.

AIM: FINDING THE AXIS OF SYMMETRY AND TURNING POINT ALGEBRAICALLY

Other words for turning point: _____

Directions: Find the turning point *algebraically*.

1. $g(x) = x^2 + 4x - 21$

Step 1: Identify the a-value & b-value

Step 2: Use the axis of symmetry formula:

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

Step 3: Plug the x-value into the given equation to find the y-value.

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Step 4: Write your answer as coordinates.

Step 5: Check your answer with the table/graph on the calculator

2. Find the vertex algebraically. $h(x) = -x^2 - 10x + 24$

Step 1: Identify the a-value & b-value

Step 2: Use the axis of symmetry formula:

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

Step 3: Plug the x-value into the given equation to find the y-value.

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Step 4: Write your answer as coordinates.

Step 5: Check your answer with the table/graph on the calculator

3. Find the minimum point algebraically: $a(x) = x^2 + 6x - 27$

Step 1: Identify the a-value & b-value

Step 2: Use the axis of symmetry formula:

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

Step 3: Plug the x-value into the given equation to find the y-value.

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Step 4: Write your answer as coordinates.

Step 5: Check your answer with the table/graph on the calculator

4. Find the vertex algebraically: $b(x) = x^2 + 8x + 16$

Step 1: Identify the a-value & b-value

Step 2: Use the axis of symmetry formula:

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

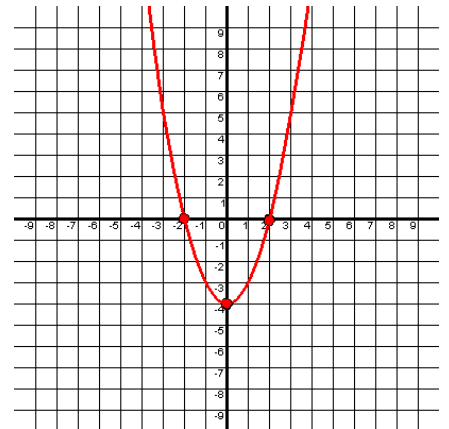
Step 3: Plug the x-value into the given equation to find the y-value.

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Step 4: Write your answer as coordinates.

Step 5: Check your answer with the table/graph on the calculator

5) Write the quadratic equation given the graph below.



6) If -1 and 7 are the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + kx - 7 = 0$, find the value of k .