

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**REVIEW DITTO FOR UNIT TEST #8 ON FACTORING****Factor the following using the G.C.F method:**

1. $7 - 35d$	2. $27a^2bc + 18ab^2c$
3. $s^2r + s^3 - s^4v$	4. $10r - 10s$
5. $4x + x^2$	6. $3x^2 + 6x + 15$
7. $ax + 3x$	8. $xp + xq$
9. $7y - 7$	10. $\pi r^2 - \pi r$

**Factor using the D.O.T.S Method:**

11. $x^2 - 196$	12. $100 - d^2$
13. $4x^2 - 64y^6$	14. $\frac{25}{144} - 16y^4$
15. Factored, the expression $16x^2 - 25y^2$ is equivalent to 1) $(4x - 5y)(4x + 5y)$ 2) $(4x - 5y)(4x - 5y)$ 3) $(8x - 5y)(8x + 5y)$ 4) $(8x - 5y)(8x - 5y)$	16. If Ann correctly factors an expression that is the difference of two perfect squares, her factors could be 1) $(2x + y)(x - 2y)$ 2) $(2x + 3y)(2x - 3y)$ 3) $(x - 4)(x - 4)$ 4) $(2y - 5)(y - 5)$

**Write the product of the following:**

17. $(y - 5)(y + 5)$	18. $(x + 4)(x + 3)$
19. $(x + 3)^2$	20. $(2x - 3)(x + 1)$

**Factor the following trinomials.**

21. $x^2 + 8x + 15$	22. $x^2 + 13x + 40$
23. $x^2 - 10x + 24$	24. $x^2 - 15x + 36$
25. $x^2 + 3x - 28$	26. $x^2 - x - 6$

27. What are the factors of $x^2 - 10x - 24$ ?  1) $(x - 4)(x + 6)$ 2) $(x - 4)(x - 6)$ 3) $(x - 12)(x + 2)$ 4) $(x + 12)(x - 2)$	28. What are the factors of $x^2 - 5x + 6$ ?  1) $(x + 2)$ and $(x + 3)$ 2) $(x - 2)$ and $(x - 3)$ 3) $(x + 6)$ and $(x - 1)$ 4) $(x - 6)$ and $(x + 1)$
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29. What are the factors of the expression  $x^2 + x - 20$ ?

- 1)  $(x + 5)$  and  $(x + 4)$
- 2)  $(x + 5)$  and  $(x - 4)$
- 3)  $(x - 5)$  and  $(x + 4)$
- 4)  $(x - 5)$  and  $(x - 4)$

30. What is a common factor of  $x^2 - 9$  and  $x^2 - 5x + 6$ ?

- 1)  $x + 3$
- 2)  $x - 3$
- 3)  $x - 2$
- 4)  $x^2$

**Factor the following trinomials that have a leading coefficient greater than 1.**

31.  $2x^2 + 11x + 12$

32.  $2x^2 - x - 3$

WHEN FACTORING YOU **ALWAYS** LOOK FOR \_\_\_\_\_

33.  $2x^2 - 72y^2$

34.  $2x^2 - 8x - 10$

35. $6x^2 - 6x^4$	36. $x - 25x^3$
37. $5x^2 + 15x + 10$	38. $ax^2 - 18ax + 77a$

<p>39. Factored completely, the expression <math>2y^2 + 12y - 54</math> is equivalent to</p> <p>1) <math>2(y + 9)(y - 3)</math></p> <p>2) <math>2(y - 3)(y - 9)</math></p> <p>3) <math>(y + 6)(2y - 9)</math></p> <p>4) <math>(2y + 6)(y - 9)</math></p>	<p>40. Factored completely, the expression <math>2x^2 + 10x - 12</math> is equivalent to</p> <p>1) <math>2(x - 6)(x + 1)</math></p> <p>2) <math>2(x + 6)(x - 1)</math></p> <p>3) <math>2(x + 2)(x + 3)</math></p> <p>4) <math>2(x - 2)(x - 3)</math></p>
<p>41. Which expression represents <math>36x^2 - 100y^6</math> factored completely?</p> <p>1) <math>2(9x + 25y^3)(9x - 25y^3)</math></p> <p>2) <math>4(3x + 5y^3)(3x - 5y^3)</math></p> <p>3) <math>(6x + 10y^3)(6x - 10y^3)</math></p> <p>4) <math>(18x + 50y^3)(18x - 50y^3)</math></p>	<p>42. Written in simplest factored form, the binomial <math>2x^2 - 50</math> can be expressed as</p> <p>1) <math>2(x - 5)(x - 5)</math></p> <p>2) <math>2(x - 5)(x + 5)</math></p> <p>3) <math>(x - 5)(x + 5)</math></p> <p>4) <math>2x(x - 50)</math></p>