

DO NOW

<p>1. Simplify $(x - 8)(x + 2)$</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{ c c } \hline x-8 & \\ \hline x^2 & -8x \\ \hline 2x & -16 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $x^2 - 6x - 16$ </div>	<p>2. Simplify $(x - 3)(x - 3)$</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> $\begin{array}{ c c } \hline x-3 & \\ \hline x^2 & -3x \\ \hline -3x & +9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $x^2 - 6x + 9$ </div>
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Aim: "How do we factoring using the easy tri method?"

#	Trinomial with a leading coefficient of <u>one</u>	Factors of the last term	Check
3.	$x^2 - 6x + 9$ $(x - 3)(x - 3)$	1, 9 <u>3, 3</u>	$(x - 3)(x - 3)$ $x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9$ $x^2 - 6x + 9$
4.	$x^2 - 6x - 16$ $(x - 8)(x + 2)$	1, 16 <u>2, 8</u>	$(x - 8)(x + 2)$ $x^2 + 2x - 8x - 16$ $x^2 - 6x - 16$
5.	$x^2 - 6x - 775$ $(x - 31)(x + 25)$	25, 31	$(x - 31)(x + 25)$ $x^2 + 25x - 31x - 775$ $x^2 - 6x - 775$

Steps to find all the factors of a number on the calculator:

1. $y = \#/x$ (last term)
2. Press 2nd graph to look at the table of factors

Steps for Easy Trinomial Factoring

- 1) "Double bubble", with an x in each ().
- 2) The first sign drops down in the 1st ().
- 3) Multiply the given signs to determine the 2nd sign.
- 4) Find factors of the last # that add or subtract to the middle #.
- 5) The bigger # goes first!
- 6) Check by Double Distributing.

#	Trinomial with a leading coefficient of <u>one</u>	Factors of the last term
6.	$x^2 - x - 12$ $(x - 4)(x + 3)$	$\begin{array}{l} 1, 12 \\ 2, 6 \\ \hline 3, 4 \end{array}$
7.	$x^2 + 6x - 7$ $(x + 7)(x - 1)$	$1, 7$
8.	$x^2 + 5x - 24$ $(x + 8)(x - 3)$	$\begin{array}{l} 1, 24 \\ 2, 12 \\ \hline 3, 8 \\ 4, 6 \end{array}$
9.	$a^2 - a - 72$ $(a + 8)(a - 9)$	$\begin{array}{l} 1, 72 \\ 2, 36 \\ 3, 24 \\ 4, 18 \\ 6, 12 \\ \hline 7, 8 \end{array}$
10.	$y^2 + y - 42$ $(y + 7)(y - 6)$	$\begin{array}{l} 1, 42 \\ 2, 21 \\ 3, 14 \\ \hline 6, 7 \end{array}$
11.	$x^2 - 3x - 4$ $(x - 4)(x + 1)$	$\hline 1, 4$
12.	$x^2 - 2x - 15$ $(x + 3)(x - 5)$	$\begin{array}{l} 1, 15 \\ \hline 3, 5 \end{array}$
13.	$x^2 - 4x - 12$ $(x - 6)(x + 2)$	$\begin{array}{l} 1, 12 \\ \hline 2, 6 \\ 3, 4 \end{array}$

14.	$x^2 + 4x - 60$ $(x + 10)(x - 6)$	$1, 60$ $2, 30$ $3, 20$ $4, 15$ $5, 12$ $6, 10$
15.	$y^2 + 3y - 10$ $(y + 5)(y - 2)$	$1, 10$ $2, 5$
16.	$x^2 - x - 20$ $(x + 5)(x - 4)$	$1, 20$ $2, 10$ $4, 5$
17.	$a^2 - 2a - 15$ $(a - 5)(a + 3)$	$1, 15$ $3, 5$
18.	$y^2 + 2y - 24$ $(y + 6)(y - 4)$	$1, 24$ $2, 12$ $3, 8$ $4, 6$
19.	$x^2 - 7x - 8$ $(x - 8)(x + 1)$	$1, 8$ $2, 6$
20.	$x^2 - 3x - 28$ $(x - 7)(x + 3)$	$1, 28$ $2, 14$ $4, 7$