

Do Now:

<p>1. Factor $6x^3 + 2x^2$</p>	<p>2. Multiply $3x(x^2 + 4x - 2)$</p>
<p>3. If $3x$ is one factor of $3x^3 + 12x^2 - 6x$, what is the other factor? a) $3x$ b) $x^3 + 4x^2 - 2x$ c) $x^2 + 4x - 2$ d) $x^3 + 4x^2 - 2x$</p>	<p>4. Rewrite using the distributive property: $3x + 3y$</p>

Aim: GCF FACTORING-DAY 2

How do I find GCF?:

LADDER METHOD

- 1) Find the smallest prime number that can go into both numbers
- 2) Divide both numbers by the prime number
- 3) Continue factoring until you have reached one on one or both numbers
- 4) To record the GCF, write down all the factors on the left side of the factor ladder
- 5) Write your final answer using exponents

2	$12x^3$	$24x^2$
2	$6x^3$	$12x^2$
3	$3x^3$	$6x^2$
x	$1x^2$	$2x$
x	$1x$	2

GCF = $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot x \cdot x = 12x^2$

EXAMPLES:

(a) x^3 and x^6

(b) $8x^4y^9$ and $20x^4y^6$

Exercise 1: Factor out the greatest common factor (constant only)

1) $3x - 12$

Check:

2) $16b + 24$

Check:

3) $7y - 7$

Check:

4) $9x^2 + 6x - 15$

Check:

Exercise 2: Factor out the greatest common factor (variable only)

1) $2x^2 - x$

Check:

2) $6y^2 + 11y^5$

Check:

3) $w^7 + 4w^4$

Check:

4) $x^7 + 6x^5 + x^6$

Check:

Exercise 3: Factor out the greatest common factor (mixed)

1) $x^2y^3 + xy$

Check:

2) $3x - 6x^2$

Check:

3) $3b^3 + 6b^2 - 15b$

Check:

4) $25a^3bc - 50a^2bc + 105a^3c$

Check:

More Practice!

<p>1. What is the greatest common factor of $24a^2b$ and $18abc$?</p> <p>1) 6</p> <p>2) $6ab$</p> <p>3) $6a^2b$</p> <p>4) $6abc$</p>	<p>2. Expressed in factored form, the binomial $2x^2y - 4xy^3$ is equivalent to</p> <p>1) $2xy(x - 2y)$</p> <p>2) $2xy(xy - 4y)$</p> <p>3) $2xy(x - 2y^2)$</p> <p>4) $2x^2y^3(y - 2)$</p>
<p>3. $x(x + 3) + 2(x + 3)$</p>	<p>4. $y(y - 5) + 7(y - 5)$</p>
<p>5. $x(x - 1) + 4(x - 1)$</p>	<p>6. $y(y + 10) - 9(y + 10)$</p>

7. $x(x+8) - 3(x+8)$

8. $y(y-6) + 11(y-6)$

9. $24x^2y^6 - 16x^6y^2 + 4xy^2$

10. $6x^{14}y^{20} - 8x^5y^6 + 24x^8y^{10}$