

DO NOW:Describe how the graph of the function $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x-5)^2 + 7$ is related to the parent function $f(x) = x^2$.

(Describe the transformations!)

⊖ • reflection over x-axis

 $\frac{1}{2}$ • wider

-5 • right 5

+7 • up 7

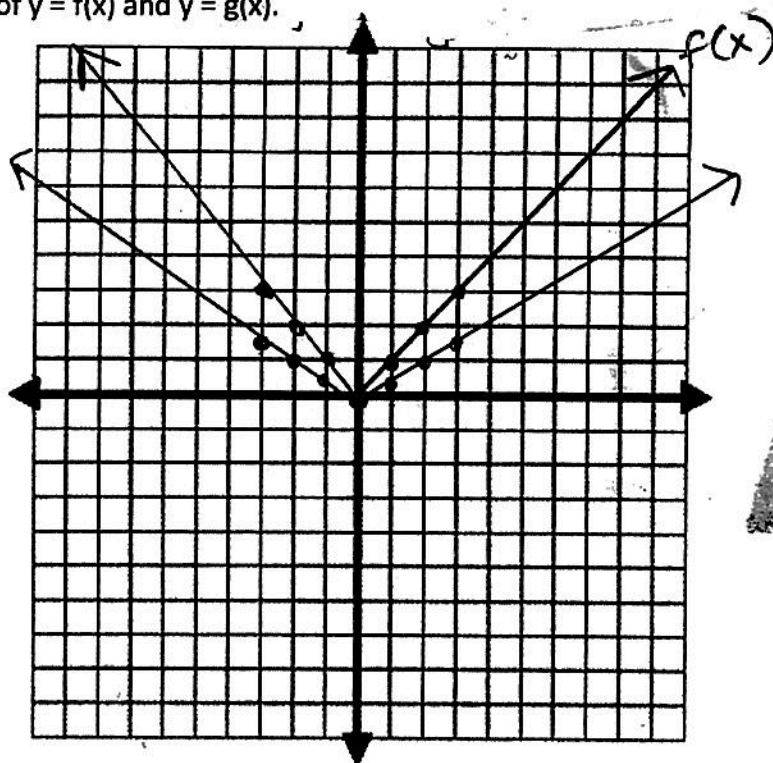
Aim SOLVING FUNCTIONS GRAPHICALLY

1. a. On the set of axes below, draw the graphs of
- $y = f(x)$
- and
- $y = g(x)$
- .

$f(x) = |x|$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}|x|$

x	y
-3	3
-2	2
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	3

x	y
-3	1.5
-2	1
-1	.5
0	0
1	.5
2	1
3	1.5



- b. Explain how decreasing the coefficient of
- x
- affects the graph of the equation
- $f(x) = |x|$

stretched horizontally
(wider)

$0 < a < 1$

- c. When does
- $f(x) = g(x)$
- ? → POINT of Intersection

(0,0)

* look at table on
calc → same y-values

2. a. Graph the following systems of equations graphically over the interval $-4 \leq x \leq 2$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 1$$

-4	7
-3	2
-2	-1
-1	-2
0	-1
1	2
2	7

$$g(x) - 5 = x$$

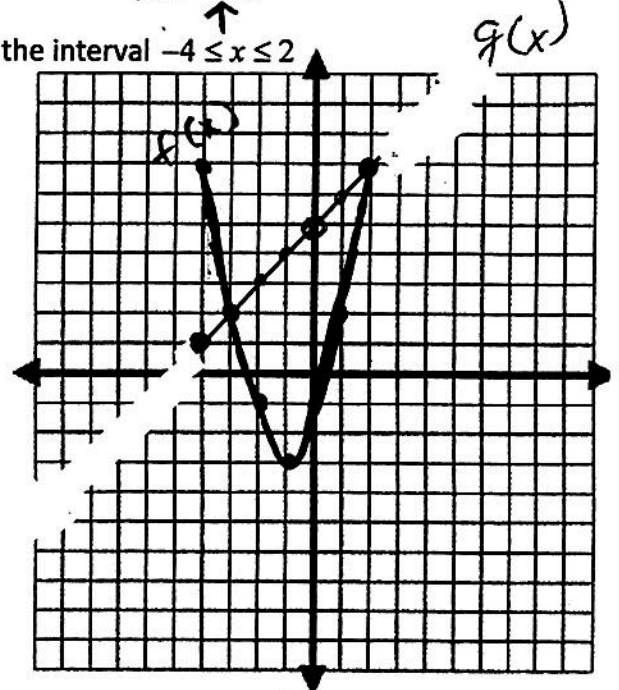
$$y - 5 = x$$

$$\frac{+5 \quad +5}{y = x + 5}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$b = 5$$

no arrows



b. When does $f(x) = g(x)$? \rightarrow POI?

$(-3, 2)$ and $(2, 7)$

3. Solve the following system of equations graphically.

$$f(x) = |x - 4| + 3$$

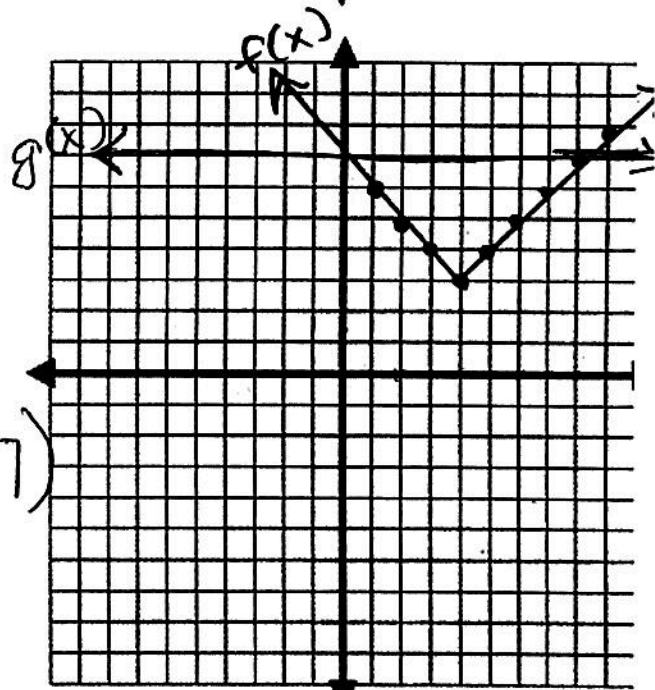
$$g(x) = 7$$

$$y = 7$$

* horizontal

1	6
2	5
3	4
4	3
5	4
6	5
7	6

$(0, 7)$ and $(8, 7)$



4. Solve the following system of equations graphically.

$$y = 2^x - 1$$

exponential growth

$$y = x^3$$

cubic

-3	-0.875
-2	-0.75
-1	-0.5
0	0
1	1
2	3
3	7

-2	-8
-1	-1
0	0
1	1
2	8

$(0, 0)$ and $(1, 1)$

